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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/511,777	10/18/2004	Hans-Joachim Mussig	536-009.12	6619	
4955	7590 12/09/2005	EXAMINER			
	ESSOLA VAN DER SLI	HA, NGUYEN T			
ADOLPHSON, LLP BRADFORD GREEN BUILDING 5			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
755 MAIN STREET, P O BOX 224			2831		
MONROE, CT 06468			DATE MAILED: 12/09/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applican	it(s)		
0.55		10/511,777	MUSSIG	MUSSIG, HANS-JOACHIM		
(Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Nguyen T. Ha	2831			
Th Period for Re	e MAILING DATE of this communicate ply	ion appears on the cover	sheet with the correspond	lence address		
THE MAIL - Extensions after SIX (6 - If the period - If NO perio - Failure to re Any reply re	ENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR ING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA of time may be available under the provisions of 37 is) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic d for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) day do for reply is specified above, the maximum statuto eply within the set or extended period for reply will, ecceived by the Office later than three months after the term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TION. 'CFR 1.136(a). In no event, howe ation. ys, a reply within the statutory minity period will apply and will expire so by statute, cause the application to	wer, may a reply be timely filed mum of thirty (30) days will be consi SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing da become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C.	idered timely. ate of this communication. § 133).		
Status						
1)⊠ Res	sponsive to communication(s) filed o	n <u>16 September 2005</u> .				
2a) This						
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of	of Claims					
4a) (5)	im(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the appl Of the above claim(s) is/are v im(s) is/are allowed. im(s) 1-11 is/are rejected. im(s) is/are objected to. im(s) are subject to restriction	vithdrawn from considera				
Application F	Papers					
9) <u></u> The	specification is objected to by the E	xaminer.	•			
10)□ The	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
App	licant may not request that any objection	n to the drawing(s) be held	n abeyance. See 37 CFR 1	.85(a).		
Rep	lacement drawing sheet(s) including the	correction is required if the	drawing(s) is objected to. S	See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
11) The	oath or declaration is objected to by	the Examiner. Note the	attached Office Action or	form PTO-152.		
Priority unde	r 35 U.S.C. § 119					
a)⊠ Al 1.⊠ 2.⊑ 3.⊑	nowledgment is made of a claim for b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority doc Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International he attached detailed Office action for	cuments have been receicuments have been receine priority documents ha Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2)	ved. ved in Application No ve been received in this N a)).			
Attachment(s)						
	References Cited (PTO-892)		nterview Summary (PTO-413)			
3) 🔲 Information	Praftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-t Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTC S)/Mail Date	o/SB/08) 5) 🔲 1	Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application Other:	ation (PTO-152)		

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-11 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kwong et al. (US 5,578,848) in view of Bhattacharyya (US 6,700,771).

Regarding claim 1, Kwong et al. disclose a semiconductor capacitor having a first semiconductor layer which forms a first capacitor electrode (10) and which includes silicon, a second capacitor electrode (12) and a capacitor dielectric (18) therebetween the capacitor electrodes, and at least the first semiconductor layer including silicon is a first thin intermediate layer (14) serving as a diffusion barrier for oxygen.

Kwong et al. fail to disclose the dielectric including praseodymium oxide.

Bhattacharyya teaches a dielectric contains praseodymium oxide (column 11, lines 59-60).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the dielectric as taught by Bhattacharyya in Kwong et al., in order to provide a high k value for the capacitor.

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Regarding claim 2, Kwong et al. disclose the first thin intermediate layer includes oxynitride (column 1, lines 51-54).

Regarding claim 3, the teaching of Kwong in view of Bhattacharyya includes all the claimed limitation discussed above with respect to claim 1, except for the thickness of the first thin intermediate layer is 0.5 nm or less. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the thickness of the first thin intermediate layer is 0.5 nm or less, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable range involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233.*

Regarding claim 4, Kwong et al. disclose the second capacitor electrode is formed from a second semiconductor layer and there is a second thin intermediate layer (16) between the second semiconductor layer and the capacitor dielectric and the second semiconductor layer includes praseodymium (figure 1).

Regarding claim 5, Kwong et al. disclose the second thin intermediate layer includes oxynitride (column 1, lines 51-54).

Regarding claim 6, Kwong et al. disclose the second thin intermediate layer includes silicon oxide (see, abstract).

Regarding claim 7, the teaching of Kwong in view of Bhattacharyya includes all the claimed limitation discussed above with respect to claim 4, except for the thickness of the first thin intermediate layer is 0.5 nm or less. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the thickness of the first thin intermediate layer is 0.5 nm or less, since it has been held that where the

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general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable range involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233.*

Regarding claim 8, it is noted that the oxynitride as taught by Kwong et al. of the first or the second thin intermediate layer has a concentration ratio of oxygen to nitrogen of 1 : 1.

Regarding claim 9, Kwong et al. disclose a memory cell for dynamic random access memory, which includes a semiconductor capacitor (column 2, lines 62-64).

Regarding claim 10, Kwong et al. disclose a field effect transistor comprising a substrate, a gate oxide layer and a gate electrode which includes a semiconductor capacitor, wherein the substrate forms the first capacitor electrode, the gate electrode forms the second capacitor electrode and the gate oxide forms the capacitor dielectric (figures 1-2).

Regarding claim 11, it is noted that the oxynitride as taught by Kwong et al. of the first or the second thin intermediate layer has a concentration ratio of oxygen to nitrogen of 1 : 1.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nguyen T. Ha whose telephone number is 571-272-1974. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:30AM to 6:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dean Reichard can be reached on 571-272-2800 ext. 31. The fax phone

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number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Nguyen T. Ha December 1, 2005